

PROTECTIVE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY 2801 Hwy. 280 South Birmingham, Alabama 35223

AGENT TRANSMITTAL

Type of Contract: ☐ New - For type of contract refer of Contract Change: Agent Number ☐ Direct Marketer			
<u>Hierarchy:</u>		<u>Name</u>	Agent Number
Brokerage General Agent			
Sub Brokerage General Agent			08
Recruiting Agent			
Producing Agent			
Soliciting Agent			
If Soliciting Agent, Pay Commissions T A Solicitors hierarchy will mirror where		id.	
Send Mail to:	(Check One)	The BGA Th	ne Agent The SubBGA
For rates please consult your Commis	ssion Summary Gric	d. Dual Contracting rules apply	у.
SubBGA Schedules: Schedules offered are A or B for Life	(Check One) e and default to A fo	(A) (E	3)
Recruiter Schedules:	(Check One)	Schedules A, B and C can (A) (E	be recruiter schedules. (C)
Agent Commission Schedule:	(Check One)	(A) (E	B) (C) (D)
If schedule A is selected and the agent they will automatically be setup as a Re		(E) (F	F) (G) (H)
Annualization: ☐ Yes ☐ No If Yes, BGA must complete Life Comm Annualization Agreement (PL Agent Ar		Chargeback Addendum (ANN-Pl	5%) (100%) L 8/11) and the Independent Agent
Special Instructions or Comments:			
Date			PGA/SubPGA Namo

E-mail all documents to plbcontracting@protective.com or fax to 205-268-6831.



PROTECTIVE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY 2801 Hwy. 280 South Birmingham, Alabama 35223

Ту	pe of Contract: <i>(choose one)</i>
	Business
	Business with Soliciting Principal
	Individual
	Solicitor

AGENT APPLICATION					
First Name/Middle Name/Last Name	Prefe	rred Name	Birth Date (mm/dd/yyyy)	Place of Birth	
Social Security No.		Gender: □ Mal	e □ Female		
If this application is for a Corporation, please supply Ta	ax ID:	Spouse			
Email Address (Mandatory)		Designations: □ CLU □ Chl	FC □ CFP □ MDRT	□ NQA □ Other	
If Soliciting Agent, Pay Commissions To:					
Business Name (If Applicable)		Business Type	(Inc., Sole Proprietor,	Partnership):	
Business Mailing Address		Business Street	Address (If Different,		
Street / P.O. Box		Street / P.O. Bo	х		
Suite		Suite			
City State Zip		City	Sta	ite Zip	
Residence		Residence Pho	ne 		
Street / P.O. Box		Business Phone	-		
Suite	_			· 	
City State Zip		Business 800 N	umber 		
What is your target market?		Business Fax N	umber		
☐ Middle ☐ Upper Middle ☐ Other		<u></u>			
How many years have you been licensed?					

PL- Agent Application 08/2021

Read carefully and please answer the following: If any changes occur after the date of this application, please notify Protective Life immediately. □ I agree 1. Have you ever been or are you currently contracted with Protective Life Insurance Company? ☐ Yes □ No 2. Do you hold a Securities license? ☐ Yes □ No If Yes, please provide your Broker/Dealer name. 3. May Protective Life publicize your name and photo in Company publications? ☐ Yes □ No 4. Is your agency owned by a bank or credit union or will sales of the life or annuity products be transacted in a bank or credit union? ☐ Yes □ No If Yes, please explain. 5. Are you currently, or have you ever been a party to a lawsuit, arbitration or other legal or judicial proceeding? ☐ Yes □ No If Yes, please explain. 6. Have you ever had an insurance license denied, revoked or suspended? ☐ Yes □ No If Yes, please explain. 7. Are you currently being investigated or have you ever had any disciplinary action taken against you or terminated other than for lack of production by another insurance company, a state insurance department, the NASD, SEC or any other regulatory authority? ☐ Yes □ No If Yes, please explain.

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8.	Have you ever filed for bankruptcy or do you currently owe any money to or have a debit balance with another insurance company?	
	☐ Yes ☐ No If Yes, please explain.	
9.	Have you ever been convicted of (or plead no contest to) a felony or misdemeanor? *The Federal Violent Crime Control & Law Enforcement Act of 1994 prevents people who have been convicted of a felony from participating in the business of insurance. □ Yes □ No If Yes, please explain.	
10.	Have you ever had a claim against your errors and omissions policy? ☐ Yes ☐ No If Yes, please explain.	
11.	Have you had a complaint filed against you in the past ten years that resulted in a fine or penalty, censure, cease and desist order, or consent order? ☐ Yes ☐ No If Yes, please explain.	
12.	Have you completed Anti-Money Laundering in the past 24 months? Yes No If Yes, with whom? Please attach certificate if other than LIMRA.	
	Weekly Direct Deposit for Commissions: (Preferred method) Yes No If Yes, complete the PL-DIR-DEP 08/2011 form and attach. (Producers not on Direct Deposit will be sent a check only at month end. A minimum commissions payable amount of \$100 is required before a check will be sent.)	
	Errors & Omissions Coverage	-
	Carrier Name:	
	Liability Amount: Policy Number:	
	Policy Effective Date:Policy Expiration Date:	

I attest I will maintain Errors and Omissions insurance with a liability limit of \$1,000,000 or greater. I also agree to provide evidence of such coverage to the Company when requested. Failure to maintain adequate Errors and Omissions coverage may result in the suspension or termination of this Agreement.

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PROTECTIVE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY 2801 Hwy. 280 South Birmingham, Alabama 35223

AUTHORIZATION AND CERTIFICATION OF STATEMENTS

I hereby apply to Protective Life Insurance Company ("Protective") to sell life and other insurance products. If this application is accepted, I agree to solicit business for Protective in accordance with the terms of the Independent Agent Agreement or the Independent Soliciting Agent Agreement, the terms of which are incorporated into this application by reference. I agree Protective has no obligation to approve this application and I release Protective from all liability if it does not contract me. I agree to take all steps reasonably necessary to become and remain knowledgeable about all Protective products that I sell. I agree not to solicit business for Protective until I am properly licensed and/or appointed, unless allowed by law to do so in a given state.

Protective is committed to providing customer-focused service founded on our three preeminent values of Quality, Serving People, and Growth. The Producer's manual, in the illustration system, contains guidelines that we expect you to follow in the ethical conduct of business. Protective has also committed itself to uphold the ACLI Market Conduct Principles listed below. Your signature below indicates your agreement to read and follow Protective's guidelines and the ACLI Market Conduct Principles. I further agree to follow the guidelines outlined in the Ethical Market Conduct Guidelines which are included in the complete contract packet. Additionally, I attest that I have reviewed the Annuity Suitability Producers Guide that can be accessed at: http://www.myprotective.com/ProducerGuide.

- 1. To conduct business according to high standards of honesty and fairness and to render that service to its customers which, in the same circumstances, it would apply to or demand for itself.
- 2. To provide competent and customer-focused sales and service.
- 3. To engage in active and fair competition.
- 4. To provide advertising and sales materials that are clear as to purpose and honest and fair as to content.
- 5. To provide for fair and expeditious handling of customer complaints and disputes.
- 6. To maintain a system or supervision and review that is reasonably designed to achieve compliance with these Principles of Ethical Market Conduct.

I hereby certify that the statements contained in the Application are true and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I understand that any false statement on the application may be considered as sufficient cause for rejection of this application or for termination if such statement is later discovered to be false.

I further certify that I have read, understood and will fulfill my obligations under the applicable annuity suitability regulations of the state(s) in which I am licensed and/or appointed.

NOTICE: The Fair Credit Reporting Act requires that we advise you that an inquiry may be made concerning your credit rating, character, general reputation, personal characteristics, and mode of living. This information may be obtained from commercial reporting agencies as well as from companies you represent or have represented. Upon written request, additional information as to the nature and scope of any inquiry will be provided.

I authorize Protective to obtain background information about me that includes, but is not limited to: a credit report, criminal background report, a report of debit balances with other insurance carriers, and a report of state, federal disciplinary actions against me. I understand that Protective will use this information to determine my suitability to represent Protective.

Information furnished in this application or derived from other sources may be shared with individuals and entities involved in your recruitment to Protective. I understand that background information gathered about me will not be shared with me and that in the event my application is denied, I may request copies of my background information provided to Protective by reporting agencies directly from those agencies.

I agree that authorizations granted herein will continue as long as I am contracted with Protective.

I understand that the Independent Agent Agreement / Independent Soliciting Agent Agreement contains a binding arbitration provision that may be enforced by the parties, and that by signing below I am giving up any rights I may possess to have any dispute under this application and Independent Agent Soliciting Agreement litigated in a court or jury trial.

Date (mm	/dd/yyyy)	Applicant Signature

IAC.PLB-2 R:08/2021



PROTECTIVE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY 2801 Hwy. 280 South Birmingham, Alabama 35223

COMMISSION DIRECT DEPOSIT

Protective Life Commission earnings will be deposited directly into the bank account referenced below. This authority will remain in effect until Protective Life Insurance Company receives written notification that you wish to discontinue participation in direct deposit of your commission earnings.

Commission Direct Deposit Authorization

I authorize Protective Life Insurance Company to initiate credit entries and debit entries, if necessary, for any credit entry made in error, to the account listed below.

Please print and complete either Agent or Soliciting Firm Name information below: *if both are required for direct deposit submit a separate form for Agent and Soliciting Firm.*

Agent First Name	M.I.	Agent Last Name	
Soliciting Firm Name		Principal Owner Name	
Last four digits of SSN/EIN		Signature (entity completing the form)	Date
Agent / Principal Owner e-mail add	ress:		
☐ Check here if this change appli	ies to all you	r agent numbers	
If this change only applies to selec	ted agent nu	umbers provide number here	
Bank or Financial Institution Infor	mation:		
Bank/Financial Institution Name			
☐ Checking Account ☐ Sa	vings Accour	nt	
Routing Number	-	Account Number	

Please return the completed form and voided check (voided check required in order to process) to the following:

Protective Life Insurance Company Commission Service Department E-mail: producer.services@protective.com

Fax: (205) 268-6831

(Rev. March 2024) Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Go to www.irs.gov/FormW9 for instructions and the latest information.

Give form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

Before	yo	u begin. For guidance related to the purpose of Form W-9, see Purpose of Form, below.				•					
		Name of entity/individual. An entry is required. (For a sole proprietor or disregarded entity, enter the orentity's name on line 2.)	wner's na	me	on line	e 1, an	d enter	the bu	sine	ss/disr	egarded
, ,	2	Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above.			·'						
Print or type. See Specific Instructions on page 3.	3a	Check the appropriate box for federal tax classification of the entity/individual whose name is entered only one of the following seven boxes. Individual/sole proprietor	Trust	/esta	ate	Exe Cor	xemptic ertain e ee instr mpt pay mption npliance le (if any	ntities uction: ree con from F a Act (, not s on de (if orei	any) _	uals; i): ount Tax
Pr Specific I	3b	If on line 3a you checked "Partnership" or "Trust/estate," or checked "LLC" and entered "P" as its tax and you are providing this form to a partnership, trust, or estate in which you have an ownership it this box if you have any foreign partners, owners, or beneficiaries. See instructions.					Applies : outsid			s main ed State	
See	5	Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.). See instructions.	Reques	ler's	name	and a	ddress	(option	nai)		
	6	City, state, and ZIP code	•					•		,	
	7	List account number(s) here (optional)					:		·		
Par	П	Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)									
		TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on line 1 to av	oid.	So	cial s	ecurity	numb	ər			
backu reside	o w nt a	ithholding. For individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, for lien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the instructions for Part I, later. For other is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see <i>How to ge</i>	or a	or					- [
TIN, la	ter.			Em	ploye	er iden	tificatio	n nur	nber		
Note: Number	if th	e account is in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1. See also What Name of Give the Requester for guidelines on whose number to enter.	and			-					
Part	П	Certification		•						•	
_		nalties of perjury, I certify that:									
2. I am Sen	no /ice	mber shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for t subject to backup withholding because (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest of the subject to backup withholding; and	i have n	ot b	een i	notifie	d by th	ne Inte	ema	l Reve me th	enue nat i am
3. I am	al	J.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below); and				•					
4. The	FA	TCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting	g is con	rect.							
Certifi becaus	cati se y	ion instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transaction or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retiniterest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must provide you	ou are cons, item irement	urre 2 d arrai	ntly s loes r	not app ent (IF	ply. For RA), and	r mort d, gen	gag ieral	e inter ly, pay	est paid, ments
Sign Here		Signature of U.S. person	ate	. •	•		,				
Gar		rol Instructions New line 3b has b	een add	led 1	to thi	s form	ı. A flo	w-thre	ougl	n entit	y is

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise

Future developments. For the latest information about developments related to Form W-9 and its instructions, such as legislation enacted after they were published, go to www.irs.gov/FormW9.

What's New

Line 3a has been modified to clarify how a disregarded entity completes this line. An LLC that is a disregarded entity should check the appropriate box for the tax classification of its owner. Otherwise, it should check the "LLC" box and enter its appropriate tax classification.

required to complete this line to indicate that it has direct or indirect foreign partners, owners, or beneficiaries when it provides the Form W-9 to another flow-through entity in which it has an ownership interest. This change is intended to provide a flow-through entity with information regarding the status of its indirect foreign partners, owners, or beneficiaries, so that it can satisfy any applicable reporting requirements. For example, a partnership that has any indirect foreign partners may be required to complete Schedules K-2 and K-3. See the Partnership Instructions for Schedules K-2 and K-3 (Form 1065).

Purpose of Form

An individual or entity (Form W-9 requester) who is required to file an information return with the IRS is giving you this form because they

must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN), which may be your social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN), to report on an information return the amount paid to you, or other amount reportable on an information return. Examples of information returns include, but are not limited to, the following.

- · Form 1099-INT (Interest earned or paid).
- Form 1099-DIV (dividends, including those from stocks or mutual funds).
- Form 1099-MISC (various types of income, prizes, awards, or gross proceeds).
- Form 1099-NEC (nonemployee compensation).
- Form 1099-B (stock or mutual fund sales and certain other transactions by brokers).
- Form 1099-S (proceeds from real estate transactions).
- Form 1099-K (merchant card and third-party network transactions).
- Form 1098 (home mortgage interest), 1098-E (student loan interest), and 1098-T (tuition).
- Form 1099-C (canceled debt).
- Form 1099-A (acquisition or abandonment of secured property).

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN.

Caution: If you don't return Form W-9 to the requester with a TIN, you might be subject to backup withholding. See What is backup withholding, later.

By signing the filled-out form, you:

- Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued);
 - 2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding; or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee; and
- 4. Certify to your non-foreign status for purposes of withholding under chapter 3 or 4 of the Code (if applicable); and
- 5. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting is correct. See What is FATCA Reporting, later, for further information.

Note: If you are a U.S. person and a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien;
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States;
- An estate (other than a foreign estate); or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Establishing U.S. status for purposes of chapter 3 and chapter 4 withholding. Payments made to foreign persons, including certain distributions, allocations of income, or transfers of sales proceeds, may be subject to withholding under chapter 3 or chapter 4 of the Code (sections 1441–1474). Under those rules, if a Form W-9 or other certification of non-foreign status has not been received, a withholding agent, transferee, or partnership (payor) generally applies presumption rules that may require the payor to withhold applicable tax from the recipient, owner, transferor, or partner (payee). See Pub. 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entitles.

The following persons must provide Form W-9 to the payor for purposes of establishing its non-foreign status.

- In the case of a disregarded entity with a U.S. owner, the U.S. owner of the disregarded entity and not the disregarded entity.
- In the case of a grantor trust with a U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner, generally, the U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner of the grantor trust and not the grantor trust.
- In the case of a U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust), the U.S. trust and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

See Pub. 515 for more information on providing a Form W-9 or a certification of non-foreign status to avoid withholding.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person or the U.S. branch of a foreign bank that has elected to be treated as a U.S. person (under Regulations section 1.1441-1(b)(2)(iv) or other applicable section for chapter 3 or 4 purposes), do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 or Form 8233 (see Pub. 515). If you are a qualified foreign pension fund under Regulations section 1.897(i)-1(d), or a partnership that is wholly owned by qualified foreign pension funds, that is treated as a non-foreign person for purposes of section 1445 withholding, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use Form W-8EXP (or other certification of non-foreign status).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a saving clause. Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items.

- 1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
 - 2. The treaty article addressing the income
- 3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
- 4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
- 5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if their stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first Protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on their scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8 or Form 8233.

Backup Withholding

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 24% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include, but are not limited to, interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, payments made in settlement of payment card and third-party network transactions, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

- 1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester;
- 2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the instructions for Part II for details);
 - 3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN;
- 4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only); or
- 5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding, as described in item 4 under "By signing the filled-out form" above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See Exempt payee code, later, and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

See also Establishing U.S. status for purposes of chapter 3 and chapter 4 withholding, earlier.

What Is FATCA Reporting?

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) requires a participating foreign financial institution to report all U.S. account holders that are specified U.S. persons. Certain payees are exempt from FATCA reporting. See Exemption from FATCA reporting code, later, and the Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you are no longer tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account, for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Line 1

You must enter one of the following on this line; do not leave this line blank. The name should match the name on your tax return.

If this Form W-9 is for a joint account (other than an account maintained by a foreign financial institution (FFI)), list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of Form W-9. If you are providing Form W-9 to an FFI to document a joint account, each holder of the account that is a U.S. person must provide a Form W-9.

Individual. Generally, enter the name shown on your tax return. If you
have changed your last name without informing the Social Security
Administration (SSA) of the name change, enter your first name, the last
name as shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

Note for ITIN applicant: Enter your individual name as it was entered on your Form W-7 application, line 1a. This should also be the same as the name you entered on the Form 1040 you filed with your application.

- Sole proprietor. Enter your individual name as shown on your Form 1040 on line 1. Enter your business, trade, or "doing business as" (DBA)
- Partnership, C corporation, S corporation, or LLC, other than a disregarded entity. Enter the entity's name as shown on the entity's tax return on line 1 and any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.
- Other entities. Enter your name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on line 1. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. Enter any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.
- Disregarded entity. In general, a business entity that has a single owner, including an LLC, and is not a corporation, is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (a disregarded entity). See Regulations section 301.7701-2(c)(2). A disregarded entity should check the appropriate box for the tax classification of its owner. Enter the owner's name on line 1. The name of the owner entered on line 1 should never be a disregarded entity. The name on line 1 should be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For

example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on line 1. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on line 2. If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TIN.

Line 2

If you have a business name, trade name, DBA name, or disregarded entity name, enter it on line 2.

Line 3

Check the appropriate box on line 3a for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one box on line 3a.

IF the entity/individual on line 1 is a(n)	THEN check the box for
Corporation	Corporation.
Individual orSole proprietorship	Individual/sole proprietor.
 LLC classified as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes or LLC that has filed Form 8832 or 2553 electing to be taxed as a corporation 	Limited liability company and enter the appropriate tax classification: P = Partnership, C = C corporation, or S = S corporation.
Partnership	Partnership.
Trust/estate	Trust/estate.

Line 3b

Check this box if you are a partnership (including an LLC classified as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes), trust, or estate that has any foreign partners, owners, or beneficiaries, and you are providing this form to a partnership, trust, or estate, in which you have an ownership interest. You must check the box on line 3b if you receive a Form W-8 (or documentary evidence) from any partner, owner, or beneficiary establishing foreign status or if you receive a Form W-9 from any partner, owner, or beneficiary that has checked the box on line 3b.

Note: A partnership that provides a Form W-9 and checks box 3b may be required to complete Schedules K-2 and K-3 (Form 1065). For more information, see the Partnership Instructions for Schedules K-2 and K-3 (Form 1065).

If you are required to complete line 3b but fail to do so, you may not receive the information necessary to file a correct information return with the IRS or furnish a correct payee statement to your partners or beneficiaries. See, for example, sections 6698, 6722, and 6724 for penalties that may apply.

Line 4 Exemptions

If you are exempt from backup withholding and/or FATCA reporting, enter in the appropriate space on line 4 any code(s) that may apply to

Exempt payee code.

- Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding.
- Except as provided below, corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, including interest and dividends.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third-party network transactions.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding with respect to attorneys' fees or gross proceeds paid to attorneys, and corporations that provide medical or health care services are not exempt with respect to payments reportable on Form 1099-MISC.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding. Enter the appropriate code in the space on line 4.

1—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2).

- 2-The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.
- 3—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or territory, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities.
- 4—A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities.
- 5-A corporation.
- 6—A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. commonwealth or territory.
- 7—A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission.
- 8-A real estate investment trust.
- 9—An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940.
- 10-A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a).
- 11-A financial institution as defined under section 581.
- 12—A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian.
- 13—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947.

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 13.

IF the payment is for . , .	THEN the payment is exempt for
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 7.
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4 and 6 through 11 and all C corporations. S corporations must not enter an exempt payee code because they are exempt only for sales of noncovered securities acquired prior to 2012.
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 4.
 Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000¹ 	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 5.2
Payments made in settlement of payment card or third-party network transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4.

¹ See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Information, and its instructions.

Exemption from FATCA reporting code. The following codes identify payees that are exempt from reporting under FATCA. These codes apply to persons submitting this form for accounts maintained outside of the United States by certain foreign financial institutions. Therefore, if you are only submitting this form for an account you hold in the United States, you may leave this field blank. Consult with the person requesting this form if you are uncertain if the financial institution is subject to these requirements. A requester may indicate that a code is not required by providing you with a Form W-9 with "Not Applicable" (or any similar indication) entered on the line for a FATCA exemption code.

- A—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) or any individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37).
 - B-The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.
- C—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or territory, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities.
- D—A corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, as described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i).
- E—A corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as a corporation described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)

- F—A dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any state.
 - G-A real estate investment trust.
- H—A regulated investment company as defined in section 851 or an entity registered at all times during the tax year under the investment Company Act of 1940.
 - I-A common trust fund as defined in section 584(a).
 - J-A bank as defined in section 581.
 - K-A broker
- L—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947(a)(1).
- M A tax-exempt trust under a section 403(b) plan or section 457(g) plan.

Note: You may wish to consult with the financial institution requesting this form to determine whether the FATCA code and/or exempt payee code should be completed.

Line 5

Enter your address (number, street, and apartment or suite number). This is where the requester of this Form W-9 will mail your information returns. If this address differs from the one the requester already has on file, enter "NEW" at the top. If a new address is provided, there is still a chance the old address will be used until the payor changes your address in their records.

Line 6

Enter your city, state, and ZIP code.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have, and are not eligible to get, an SSN, your TIN is your IRS ITIN. Enter it in the entry space for the Social security number. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's FIN.

Note: See What Name and Number To Give the Requester, later, for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local SSA office or get this form online at www.SSA.gov. You may also get this form by calling 800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/EIN. Go to www.irs.gov/Forms to view, download, or print Form W-7 and/or Form SS-4. Or, you can go to www.irs.gov/OrderForms to place an order and have Form W-7 and/or Form SS-4 mailed to you within 15 business days.

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, apply for a TIN and enter "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, you will generally have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note: Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon. See also Establishing U.S. status for purposes of chapter 3 and chapter 4 withholding, earlier, for when you may instead be subject to withholding under chapter 3 or 4 of the Code.

Caution: A disregarded U.S. entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

²However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney reportable under section 6045(f), and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if item 1, 4, or 5 below indicates otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on line 1 must sign. Exempt payees, see Exempt payee code, earlier.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 5 below.

- 1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.
- 2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.
- Real estate transactions. You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.
- 4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third-party network transactions, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).
- 5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), ABLE accounts (under section 529A), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:			
1. Individual	The individual			
Two or more individuals (joint account) other than an account maintained by an FFI	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account!			
Two or more U.S. persons (joint account maintained by an FFI).	Each holder of the account			
Custodial account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor ²			
5. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee)	The grantor-trustee ¹			
b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The actual owner ¹			
Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner ³			
7. Grantor trust filing under Optional Filing Method 1 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(A))**	The grantor*			

For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
9. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity ⁴
10. Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	The corporation
Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
12. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
13. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee
14. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that (eccives agricultural program payments	The public entity
15. Grantor trust filing Form 1041 or under the Optional Filing Method 2, requiring Form 1099 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(B))**	The trust

List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

- ² Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.
- ³ You must show your individual name on line 1, and enter your business or DBA name, if any, on line 2. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.
- ⁴ List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.)
- *Note: The grantor must also provide a Form W-9 to the trustee of the trust.
- ** For more information on optional filing methods for grantor trusts, see the Instructions for Form 1041.

Note: If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records From Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information, such as your name, SSN, or other identifying information, without your permission to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- · Be careful when choosing a tax return preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity, or a questionable credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Pub. 5027, Identity Theft Information for Taxpayers.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a systemic problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes. Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to phishing@irs.gov. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration (TIGTA) at 800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at spam@uce.gov or report them at www.ftc.gov/complaint. You can contact the FTC at www.ftc.gov/idtheft or 877-IDTHEFT (877-438-4338). If you have been the victim of identity theft, see www.ldentityTheft.gov and Pub. 5027.

Go to www.irs.gov/identityTheft to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and territories for use in administering their laws. The information may also be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payors must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividends, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payor. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.